

AH Ecology

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BASIN VIEV	BASIN VIEW				
Land Number	Vegetation Community	Description	Broad Condition / Value	Threat	
1	Parkland	This large parkland / picnic area / boat ramp area has been cleared of understorey and grassed. Large old specimens of Spotted Gum and Blackbutt remain.	<b>Fair condition</b> . Although this area has been substantially impacted through clearing and modification there are few serious weed species or erosion. The trees provide habitat for arboreal fauna and provide a link to the west along a drainage line.	Senescence of the old and large trees. A replanting program to provide replacement trees over time should be undertaken.	
2a	Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest	This EEC is degraded due to its proximity to housing. It follows a drainage line upstream until it merges with Bangalay Sand Forest to the west. Swamp Oak dominates the canopy with Buffalo Grass in the understorey. Some native understorey species occur sporadically and these are Lomandra, Tall Saw-sedge and Common Reed.	<b>Poor condition</b> . Degraded through weed invasion and clearing. Provides a buffer to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management. Further human induced impacts.	
2b	Bangalay Sand Forest - EEC	This remnant EEC is badly degraded. Where it adjoins houses, areas have been cleared and grassed and only scattered trees remain. Much of the area is smothered in Common Silkpod.	<b>Poor condition</b> . Degraded through, nutrient enrichment, weed invasion and clearing. Provides a buffer to St Georges Basin from development.	Lack of management. Edge effects, high nutrient run-off. May benefit from a low intensity fire.	
3a	Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest	The remnant of this EEC fringes St Georges Basins. Almost completely comprised of Swamp Oak with either no understorey or Buffalo Grass.	<b>Poor condition.</b> Degraded through weed invasion and clearing. Provides a buffer to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management. Further human induced impacts.	
3b		IBIACKNUU IS AISO DIESENI AND TUIMENUNE OCCUIS	Fair condition. This open woodland retains some understorey and appears to be relatively intact. Provides an important coastal vegetated link.	Weed invasion and trampling.	
4	Turpentine – Red Bloodwood Woodland	This small reserve between The Wool Road and Winn Avenue grades from Blackbutt into Turpentine – Red Bloodwood woodland. Some new understorey plantings have been undertaken.	<b>Poor condition.</b> This area has been modified during the construction of surrounding roads. It contains no understorey. Trees would provide some habitat for arboreal fauna.	Weed invasion.	
5	BMX Park		Very poor condition. Completely modified. Trees would provide some habitat for arboreal fauna.	Continued human induced impacts could impact on the health of the trees.	

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6	Grey Ironbark – Turpentine Open Woodland	Turpentine. The condition of the understorey varies from open Lomandra dominated to a denser more intact community. A narrow strip of Swamp Oak,	<b>Fair condition</b> . Impacts include some clearing, dumping, track formation and weed invasion along the edges. Provides an important vegetated link along the coastline and is a substantially intact patch of woodland in a cleared landscape.	Impacts from neighbouring development and overuse.
7	Scribbly Gum – Black She- oak Woodland	Intact and includes Mountain Devil, Old-man Banksia,	Poor condition - Fair condition. Condition varies depending on distance from edges. It is fenced and some rehabilitation works have / are being undertaken. Tracks, trampling and under scrubbing are the major impacts. Vegetation community is relatively intact and provides a link to areas to the north.	Human induced impacts from neighbouring development.
8a	Swamp Sclerophyll Forest - EEC	This EEC follows an unnamed creek that drains into Pats Bay. It is dominated by Tall Saw-sedge, Bangalay, Blackbutt and Turpentine on the drier margins. Callicoma, Common Bracken, Common Maidenhair and Old Man's Beard are also common.	<b>Poor condition</b> . There are tracks, dumping, changes to drainage and small fire areas. Provides an important vegetated link along the drainage line from the north-west to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management and ongoing human impacts.
8b	Blackbutt-Turpentine- Bloodwood Tall Forest	This area has a dense understorey of Prickly Beard- heath, Hairpin Banksia, Coffee Bush, Slender Rice Flower.	<b>Poor condition</b> . There are tracks, dumping, changes to drainage, small fire areas and in particular edge effects. Provides an important vegetated link along the drainage line from the north-west to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management and ongoing human impacts.
9a / 10a	Swamp Sclerophyll Forest - EEC		<b>Poor condition</b> . There are tracks, dumping, changes to drainage and edge effects particularly along the road verge. Provides an important vegetated link along the drainage line from the north-west to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management, urbanisation and ongoing human impacts.
9b / 10b	Blackbutt –Turpentine - Bloodwood Tall Forest	heath, Hairpin Banksia, Coffee Bush, Slender Rice	<b>Fair condition</b> . There are tracks, dumping, changes to drainage and edge effects. Provides an important vegetated link along the drainage line from the north-west to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management and ongoing human impacts.
11 / 12 / 13 / 14	Modified wet sclerophyll forest	large lot urban development would have once been representative of Swamp Sclerophyll Forest.	<b>Poor condition</b> . Degraded through clearing and urbanisation. Tracks, trampling, weed invasion and dumping. Provides a buffer to more intact areas to the south and tree hollows would provide habitat for arboreal fauna.	Lack of management, urbanisation and ongoing human impacts.

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1 10	Swamp Sclerophyll Forest - EEC		Fair condition. Its relative isolation has protected this area from the majority of impacts associated with urbanisation. A large area of intact EEC.	In the long term further urbanisation could impact on this EEC.
16a	Swamp Scieroppvil Forest -	Dominated by Swamp Mahogany and Blackbutt. Callicoma, Common Bracken, Common Maidenhair and Old Man's Beard are also common.	<b>Fair condition</b> . There are tracks, dumping, changes to drainage, small fire areas and edge effects particularly along the urban edge. Provides an important vegetated link along the drainage line from the north-west to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management, urbanisation and ongoing human impacts.
16b	Scribbly Gum - Grey Ironbark Woodland		<b>Poor condition</b> . Degraded through clearing and urbanisation. Tracks, trampling, weed invasion and dumping. Provides a buffer to more intact areas to the south and tree hollows would provide habitat for arboreal fauna.	Lack of management, urbanisation and ongoing impacts.
17a	FEC	Dominated by Tall Saw-sedge, Swamp Mahogany and Blackbutt. Callicoma, Common Bracken, Common Maidenhair and Old Man's Beard are also common.	<b>Fair condition</b> . There are tracks, dumping, changes to drainage, small fire areas and edge effects particularly along the urban edge. Provides an important vegetated link along the drainage line from the north-west to St Georges Basin.	Lack of management, urbanisation and ongoing impacts.
17b	Woodland	Scribbly Gums have tree hollows. Southern section grades into much modified Swamp Oak Forest /	Very poor condition. Degraded through clearing and urbanisation. Tracks, trampling, weed invasion and dumping. Provides a buffer to more intact areas to the south and tree hollows would provide habitat for arboreal fauna.	Lack of management, urbanisation and ongoing impacts.
18	-	Eucalypts dominate throughout although the occasional	<b>Fair condition</b> . The effects of urbanisation along the southern boundary include clearing and weed invasion. Provides a buffer to the EEC to the north.	Ongoing impacts from urbanisation.
19a / 19b / 19c 19d	$\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{N} + $	This highly disturbed area shows components of vegetation communities including, Swamp Oak Forest, Coastal Saltmarsh and Mangrove forest. A marina has been constructed on the northern margin.	Very poor condition. Completely modified through changes in drainage, clearing, urbanisation and marina construction. Provides a buffer to more intact areas to the south.	Ongoing impacts from the substantial changes associated with urbanisation and the marina.
20a	Cleared	This area has been cleared of vegetation and it is likely that the ground levels have been altered.	Very poor condition. Completely modified. No particular ecological value.	None.
20b	Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest - EEC	Swamp Oak forms a near monoculture.	<b>Poor condition.</b> The area has been modified and some clearing has occurred. Provides a buffer to Pats Bay.	Further clearing, tracks and dumping.

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20c	II Agetal Saltmaren - EEI	The large scald area supports a scattered and degraded saltmarsh community.	Very poor condition. This area of Saltmarsh may have been formed after clearing and modification of drainage patterns. Tracks and trampling are widespread.	Lack of management and further trampling.
21a/b	Coastal Saltmarsh - EEC	Both of these patches occur where creeks flow into the bay. Creeping Brookweed and Sarcocornia quinqueflora occur throughout.	Fair condition to Good condition. The western occurrence of Saltmarsh is more impacted due to it accessibility by people visiting the nearby sports ground and parkland.	Trampling and track formation.
21c	Swamp Oak Floodplain	This EEC is a monoculture of Swamp Oak with very little understorey. It fringes the eastern edge of Pelican Point.	<b>Good condition</b> . This area shows some signs of impacts by visitors to the reserve. However, there are few signs of weeds or changes to the drainage patterns. Provides an intact buffer to Home Bay.	Impacts from visitors to the reserve.
21d		This EEC sits in a shallow gully behind the Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest. It is densely vegetated with Large- leaf Hop-bush, Common Silkpod, Lomandra.	<b>Poor condition</b> . The edges of this EEC are impacted by tracks, weeds and rubbish dumping. Provides a buffer to Home Bay.	Further impacts from visitors to the reserve.
21e	FFC	This occurrence of Swamp Sclerophyll Forest follows the unnamed creek. Away from the creek line it becomes vegetated by Turpentine and Blackbutt.	<b>Fair condition</b> . Has been impacted by road building and changes to drainage patterns. Provides a vegetated buffer to the creek.	Weed invasion and poor water quality.
21f	Scribbly Gum-Grey Ironbark Woodland	The majority of this reserve is a dry sclerophyll woodland dominated by Scribbly Gum, Grey Ironbark with occurrences of Turpentine and Red Bloodwood. Many of the Scribbly Gum have tree hollows. The understorey is intact in sections with Cherry Ballart, Large-leaf Hop-bush and Prickly Beard-heath common throughout.	<b>Fair condition</b> . Tracks, weeds on the edges, trampling and rubbish dumping are all impacting this reserve. This is a large patch of relatively intact vegetation in a fragmented landscape.	
22a	Swamp Scierophyli Forest -	This occurrence of Swamp Sclerophyll Forest follows the unnamed creek and is a continuation of Swamp Sclerophyll Forest in 21e.	<b>Fair condition</b> . Has been impacted by road building and changes to drainage patterns. Provides a vegetated buffer to the creek.	Weed invasion and poor water quality.
22b	Cleared	This area has been cleared. It houses a pump station.	<b>Poor condition</b> . It has been cleared and grassed with introduced species. Weeds occur along the boundary with the Swamp Sclerophyll Forest.	Weed invasion.