



MAHOGANY CREEK BUSHCARE GROUP ACTION PLAN

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RESERVE INFORMATION

Reserves: Mahogany Creek Reserve

Reserve Number(s): NNN074, NNN081 & NNN085

Land Tenure: Shoalhaven City Council

Community Land Type: Natural Area - Watercourse

1. BUSHCARE GROUP GOALS

The goals of the Mahogany Creek Bushcare group are to:

- Conserve biodiversity and maintain ecosystem function in respect of the land using environmentally and culturally sensitive bush regeneration techniques.
- Increase community awareness of the Mahogany Creek bushland with on-ground Bushcare participation and communication with local residents and visitors to the site.
- Participate in information days about Mahogany Creek Bushcare to encourage new volunteer recruitment.
- Incorporate the aims of the Mahogany Creek Plan of Management 1999 into their activities.

2. SITE ACHIEVEMENTS TO DATE

Actions	Lessons Learnt
After several years of not being an active Bushcare site, the Mahogany Creek Bushcare group reformed in 2021, with a new coordinator, to tackle the increasing number of weeds being observed in the reserve by residents.	Mahogany Creek requires ongoing and continuous weed control activities to ensure that priority and environmental weeds are sustainably controlled.
Arum Lily control and eradication.	Manual removal (by hand) of Arum Lily has the potential to increase turbidity in the creek and disturb cultural heritage items. Accordingly, there has been a change of control method from manual removal to the utilisation of an approved herbicide (cut and paint).

3. GROUP ACTION PLAN MAPS



Figure 1. The Mahogany Creek Bushcare site.

4. BUSHCARE GROUP ACTIVITIES TABLE

H = High (started within 12 months); M = Medium (started 1-3 years); L = Low

GROUP ACTION	PRIORITY	METHOD	TIME
Area 1 – West of Illaroo Road Engineering works to redefine sections of the creek are being planned follov	ving an appropri	iate level of due diligence being exercised.	
Morking south from the Judith Drive detention basin (southern side of creek), in Swamp Mahogany Woodland and Turpentine/Blackbutt Forest, target weeds include Common Elder, Arum Lily, Honeysuckle, Blackberry, Camphor laurel, Small and Large Leaf Privet and Lantana. Prioritise work in areas of greater resilience, with a focus on canopy protection from exotic vines. Undertake compensatory planting as required. It is proposed to undertake such weed control activities in a sustainable way. This will involve progressive removal of priority and environmental weed species at a rate commensurate with natural native vegetation recruitment and revegetation.	Н	Manual weed control or herbicide use as per product labels or Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) permits. • Hand remove, scrape and paint Honeysuckle • Cut and paint Blackberry • Hand remove woody weed seedlings, cut and paint with herbicide when diameter of stem/trunk is adequate. • Cut and paint Arum Lily to minimise ground disturbance.	Ongoing

GROUP ACTION	PRIORITY	METHOD	TIME
Replacement planting as required.		Use recommended revegetation list within this plan.	Following weed removal
3. Judith Drive Detention Basin. Hand weeding maintenance around plantings and periodically spot spray exotic grasses and other annual weeds. Output Description:	Н	Manual weed control or herbicide use as per product labels or APVMA permits. • Hand remove exotic grasses or spot spray • Hand remove, scrape and paint Honeysuckle and other vines, including Blackberry. • Hand remove woody weed seedlings, cut and paint with herbicide when diameter of stem/trunk is adequate. • Cut and paint Arum Lily and minimise ground disturbance.	Ongoing
Madeira Vine inspections and control on the northern side of Mahogany Creek, off Maybern Close.	Н	Only a small amount of this priority weed species has been sighted on the urban interface. It is important to control this highly invasive weed, bagging all propagules to prevent further spread.	Ongoing

GROUP ACTION	PRIORITY	METHOD	TIME
		Manual weed control or herbicide use as per product labels or APVMA permits. • Hand remove, ensure bagging all underground rhizomes and aerial tubers.	
5. Walking Track maintenance Assist Council with risk management, pruning of vegetation along track to allow a clear walkway. Collect rubbish throughout site.	М	 Prune track clear using secateurs. Separation and bagging of rubbish. Disposal to appropriate waste receptacles. 	Ongoing

GROUP ACTION	PRIORITY	METHOD	TIME
Site: Area 2 (east of Illaroo Road)			
Weed Control Gradually reduce biomass of weeds within the area starting with exotic vines and lantana working from good areas towards more infested areas.	M	 Manual weed control or herbicide use as per product labels or APVMA permits. Hand remove, scrape and paint vines. Cut and paint Blackberry. Hand remove woody weed seedlings, cut and paint with herbicide when diameter of stem/trunk is adequate. Cut and paint Arum Lily to minimise ground disturbance. 	Ongoing
2. Walking Track Assist council with risk management, pruning of vegetation along track to allow a clear walkway. Collect rubbish throughout site.	М	 Prune track clear using secateurs. Separation and bagging of rubbish. Disposal to appropriate waste receptacles. 	Ongoing

GROUP ACTION	PRIORITY	METHOD	TIME
Community Engagement, Citizen Science			
1. Communication – Community Education Communicate and promote to local residents the importance of the local bushland area and the impact of environmental weeds, stray domestic animals and feral animals on the natural values of the reserve.	Н	By conducting/use of: Open Day/s Weed Walk/s Distribution of Council brochures iNaturalist Bioblitz workshops with school groups and community Reserve educational signage Articles in local media Domestic rubbish audit	Opportunistically
Explanation of Bushcare group activities and goals, and recruitment of new members.	Н	Engage with passers-by and provide information.	Ongoing

GROUP ACTION	PRIORITY	METHOD	TIME
 3. Interact with other Bushcare Groups to: seek to maintain and build wildlife corridors. exchange information and share knowledge about work practices, and build relationships. 	М	 Shared working bees Morning teas Group facilitation and counselling by Bushcare Field Officer Cooperative involvement in community education events 	As opportunities arise or are facilitated
4. Record/Map local biodiversity	M	Log information in iNaturalist Budawang Coast Atlas of Life and other appropriate citizen science apps or websites.	Ongoing
Domestic rubbish audit co-ordination with Tread Lightly Inc.	M	Collect, record and report rubbish to Tread Lightly Inc.	As opportunities arise

5. BUSHCARE GROUP WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY

Shoalhaven City Council must induct new volunteers. Volunteers must comply with the Volunteer Induction Handbook.

Based on the activities included in this action plan, a new site hazard and risk assessment template will be completed by Council. Volunteers are to be inducted on this revised risk assessment with the adoption of this plan. The 'site hazard and risk assessment' is to be revised by volunteers on site, for example, upon the identification of a new hazard, or of a new control measure for an existing hazard.

6. COUNCIL SUPPORT

- Supply tools, herbicide, and materials within the constraints of budget.
- Training and technical advice.
- Administration support.
- Assistance with grant applications, administration, and management.
- Assistance with events.
- Assistance from Council's Bush Regenerator staff as resources allow.
- Weed bag and large rubbish removal.
- Recognition of the group's contribution to the stewardship of the areas under this plan and undertaking from Council to communicate with Group and seek the groups' participation in any works planned by Council, where appropriate.

7. POSSIBLE FUTURE FUNDING

The following projects will be considered by Council as funding opportunities become available:

Project

The site is currently under investigation by Council engineers for stream remediation works to re-create the creek channel to mitigate flooding events to residents on the northern side of Mahogany Creek. Potential works could involve significant disturbance to the area and will require rehabilitation as part of the project. This provides an opportunity to have weeds removed and areas replanted.

8. REVIEW

This plan will be reviewed six years from its adoption but can be reviewed sooner if agreed.

9. REGIONAL MANAGEMENT PLANS OR STRATEGIES

Name of document	Year	Produced by
Bushcare/Parkcare Policy	2023	Shoalhaven City Council
Local Strategic Plan 2016-2021	2016	South East Local Land Services
Generic Community Land Plan of Management - Natural Areas	Revised 2016	Shoalhaven City Council
Plan of Management Mahogany Creek Reserve Judith Drive, North Nowra	1999	Shoalhaven City Council

10. RECOMMENDED REVEGETATION SPECIES

MID-STOREY (small trees, shrubs, etc)		
Botanical Common		
Acacia ulicifolia	Prickly Moses, Juniper Wattle	
Allocasuarina littoralis	Black She Oak	
Banksia serrata	Old Man Banksia, Saw Toothed Banksia	
Banksia spinulosa	Hairpin Banksia	
Kunzea ambigua	Tick Bush	
Pittosporum revolutum	Rough-fruited Pittosporum	
Pultenaea daphnoides	Large-leaf Bush Pea	
UNDERSTOREY (grasses, herbs, climbers)		
Botanical	Common	
Gonocarpus micranthus	Creeping Raspwort	
Hardenbergia violacea	False Sarsaparilla, Purple Twining-pea	
Imperata cylindrica	Blady Grass	
Juncus sp.	Native Rush	
Kennedia rubicunda	Dusky Coral Pea	
Lomandra longifolia	Spiny-headed Mat Rush	

11. BUSHCARE SITE SPECIES LIST

The following endemic species have been recorded on the site.

OVERSTOREY TREES		
Botanical	Common	
Acmena smithii	Lilly Pilly	
Eucalyptus globoidea	White Stringy Bark	
Eucalyptus imitans	Illawarra Stringy Bark	
Eucalyptus pilularis	Blackbutt	
Eucalyptus punctata	Grey Gum	
Eucalyptus robusta	Swamp Mahogany	
Eucalyptus sclerophylla	Scribbly Gum	
Syncarpia glomulifera	Turpentine	
SMALL	TREES & SHRUBS	
Botanical	Common	
Acacia ulicifolia	Prickly Moses	
Allocasuarina littoralis	Black She Oak	
Banksia serrata	Old Man Banksia, Saw Toothed Banksia	
Banksia spinulosa	Hairpin Banksia	
Elaeocarpus reticulatus	Blueberry Ash	
Glochidion ferdinandi	Cheese Tree	
Kunzea ambigua	Tick Bush	
Leptospermum juniperinum	Prickly Tea Tree	
Leptospermum polygalifolium	Yellow Tea Tree	
Leptospermum trinervium	Flaky-barked Tea Tree	
Pittosporum revolutum	Rough-fruited Pittosporum	
Pittosporum undulatum	Sweet Pittosporum	
Pultenaea daphnoides	Large-leaf Bush Pea, Egg and Bacon Pea	
UNDERSTORE	Y (grasses, herbs, orchids)	
Botanical	Common	
Centella asiatica	Swamp Pennywort	
Cyathochaeta diandra	Rush	
Entolasia stricta	Wiry Panic Grass	
Eriostemon australasius	Pink Wax Flower	
Gleichenia dicarpa	Pouched Coral Fern	
Gonocarpus micranthus	Creeping Raspwort	
Hydrocotyle peduncularis	Forest Pennywort	
Imperata cylindrica	Blady Grass	
Juncus sp.	Sedge, Native Rush	
Sporadanthus gracilis	Slender Scale-rush	
Lomandra longifolia	Spiny-headed Mat Rush	
Microlaena stipoides	Weeping Grass	
Oplismenus imbecillis	Basket Grass	
Schoenus melanostachys	Black Bog-rush	
Thelymitra ixioides	Dotted Sun Orchid	

Thelymitra nuda	Plain Sun Orchid
UNDERSTOREY (vines & climbers)	
Botanical	Common
Hardenbergia violacea	False Sarsaparilla
Kennedia prostrata	Running Postman
Kennedia rubicunda	Dusky Coral Pea
Smilax glyciphylla	Sweet Sarsaparilla

12. BUSHCARE SITE THREATENED FAUNA LIST

The following threatened native fauna species have been recorded on the site. The site does not contain any listed Threatened Ecological Communities.

THREATENED FAUNA LIST		
Scientific Name Common Name		
Callocephalon fimbriatum	Gang-gang Cockatoo	
Calyptorhynchus lathami	Glossy Black Cockatoo	
Pteropus poliocephalus	Grey-headed Flying-fox	
Petaurus australis	Yellow-bellied Glider	
Nyctophilus gouldi	Gould's Long-eared Bat	
Heleioporus australiacus	Giant Burrowing Frog	

A range of flora and fauna species have been identified and recorded on this site and new records are continually collected using the iNaturalist Budawang Coast Nature Map (BCNM). Bushcare volunteers and community members are encouraged to record their flora and fauna observations.

To see an up-to-date record of sightings, register with BCNM and follow the following link: Budawang Coast Atlas of Life iNaturalist

Records of other taxa can also be viewed using the BCNM platform.

13. BUSHCARE SITE WEED LIST

The following weeds have been recorded on the site.

Botanical	Common
Cirsium vulgare	Spear thistle
Conyza albida	Tall fleabane
Phytolacca octandra	Inkweed
Solanum mauritianum	Wild tobacco bush
Zantedeschia aethiopica	Arum lily
Ligustrum lucidum	Broad-leaf privet
Ligustrum sinense	Small-leaf privet
Lonicera japonica	Japanese honeysuckle
Nephrolepis cordifolia	Fishbone fern
Cinnamomum camphora	Camphor laurel

Delairea odorata	Cape ivy
Bidens pilosa	Cobbler's pegs, Farmer's friends
Lantana camara	Lantana
Ageratina adenophora	Crofton weed
Rubus fruiticosus	Blackberry
Anredera cordifolia	Madeira vine
Araujia sericifera	Moth vine
Jasminum polyanthum	Jasmine
Tradescantia fluminensis	Wandering Trad
Paspalum dilatatum	Paspalum
Passiflora sp.	Passionfruit
Sambucus nigra	Elderberry, European elder, Common
	elder
Murraya paniculata	Murraya
Thunbergia alata	Black-eyed Susan
Senna pendula glabrata	Senna
Hedera helix	English Ivy
Asparagus densiflorus	Ground Asparagus, Asparagus Fern